## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

## 1. A compound of Formula (I):

$$R_3$$
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_9$ 

wherein,

R<sub>1</sub> is:

10

5

- (i) hydrogen; or
- (ii)  $-SO_2R_{10}$ ,

wherein R<sub>10</sub> is:

halo; hydroxy;  $OR_{11}$ ;  $OR_{12}$ ; amino;  $NHR_{11}$ ;  $N(R_{11})_2$ ;  $NHR_{12}$ ;  $N(R_{12})_2$ ; aralkylamino; or

15

 $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halo, hydroxy, oxo, nitro,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $OR_{12}$ , acyloxy, amino,  $NHR_{11}$ ,  $N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $NHR_{12}$ ,  $N(R_{12})_2$ , aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy,  $S(O)R_{11}$ ,  $S(O)R_{12}$ ,  $SO_2R_{11}$ ,  $SO_2R_{12}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{11}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{12}$ , sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl,  $C(O)R_{11}$ ,  $C(O)R_{12}$ ,  $C(O)OR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NHR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ , or heteroaryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ ; or

20

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocyclyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, or C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl optionally substituted with one or more halo, hydroxy, oxo, OR<sub>11</sub>, OR<sub>12</sub>, acyloxy, nitro, amino, NHR<sub>11</sub>, N(R<sub>11</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NHR<sub>12</sub>, N(R<sub>12</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy, S(O)R<sub>11</sub>, S(O)R<sub>12</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>12</sub>, NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>12</sub>, sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl, C(O)R<sub>11</sub>, C(O)R<sub>12</sub>, C(O)OR<sub>11</sub>, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NHR<sub>11</sub>, C(O)N(R<sub>11</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, alkyl, haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl containing 0-3 R<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocyclyl containing 0-3 R<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl heteroaryl containing 0-3 R<sub>14</sub>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl containing 0-3 R<sub>14</sub>; or

5

10

15

20

25

30

 $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, aryl, or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more halo, hydroxy,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $OR_{12}$ , acyloxy, nitro, amino,  $NHR_{11}$ ,  $N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $NHR_{12}$ ,  $N(R_{12})_2$ , aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy,  $S(O)R_{11}$ ,  $S(O)R_{12}$ ,  $SO_2R_{11}$ ,  $SO_2R_{12}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{11}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{12}$ , sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl,  $C(O)R_{11}$ ,  $C(O)R_{12}$ ,  $C(O)OR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NHR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)N(R_{11})_2$ , alkyl, haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ ; or

(iii) -C(O)R<sub>10</sub>, wherein R<sub>10</sub> is defined as above; or

(iv)  $-C(R_{10})_2(R_{15})$ , wherein  $R_{10}$  is defined as above;  $R_{15}$  is hydrogen,  $R_{10}$ , or  $R_{15}$  and  $R_2$  taken together forms a double bond between the carbon and nitrogen atoms to which they are attached; or

(v)  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  taken together forms a heterocyclyl of 3-10 ring atoms optionally substituted with  $R_{10}$ ;

 $R_2$  is hydrogen, or  $R_2$  and  $R_{15}$  taken together forms a double bond between the carbon and nitrogen atoms to which they are attached, or  $R_2$  and  $R_1$  taken together forms a heterocyclyl of 3-10 ring atoms optionally substituted with  $R_{10}$ ;

 $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , and  $R_7$  are each independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aralkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  acyl;

 $R_8$  is  $\sim$ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>x</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>9</sub> is a linear or branched C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>100</sub> alkyl;

5

 $R_{11}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halo, hydroxy, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

R<sub>12</sub> is aryl optionally substituted with halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, nitro, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

Each  $R_{13}$  is independently halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

Each R<sub>14</sub> is independently halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, nitro, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate; and

x is 1-100.

20

- 2. The compound of claim 1 wherein x is 24 and R<sub>9</sub> is n-tetradecyl.
- 3. The compound of claim 2 wherein  $R_1$  is  $SO_2R_{10}$ .
- 4. The compound of claim 3 wherein  $R_{10}$  is aryl substituted with  $N(R_{11})_2$ ;

25

5. The compound of claim 4 wherein  $R_{10}$  is:

- 6. The compound of claim 2 wherein  $R_1$  is  $C(O)R_{10}$ .
- The compound of claim 6 wherein R<sub>10</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with halo, hydroxy, oxo, nitro, OR<sub>11</sub>, OR<sub>12</sub>, acyloxy, amino, NHR<sub>11</sub>, N(R<sub>11</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NHR<sub>12</sub>, N(R<sub>12</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy, S(O)R<sub>11</sub>, S(O)R<sub>12</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>12</sub>, NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>12</sub>, sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl, C(O)R<sub>11</sub>, C(O)R<sub>12</sub>, C(O)OR<sub>11</sub>, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NHR<sub>11</sub>, C(O)N(R<sub>11</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl containing 0-3
   R<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocyclyl containing 0-3 R<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl containing 0-3 R<sub>14</sub>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl containing 0-3 R<sub>14</sub>;
- 8. The compound of claim 7 wherein  $R_{10}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with NHSO<sub>2</sub> $R_{12}$ .
  - 9. The compound of claim 8 wherein  $R_{12}$  is:

20

- 10. The compound of claim 7, wherein  $R_{10}$  is alkyl substituted with  $C(O)R_{12}$ .
  - 11. The compound of claim 10 wherein  $R_{12}$  is:

- 12. The compound of claim 7 wherein  $R_{10}$  is alkyl is substituted with  $C_{5}$ -
- 5  $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ .
  - 13. The compound of claim 12 wherein the heterocyclyl is:

10

15

14. A probe for observing glycolipid association with CD1d and NKT cell receptors during NKT cell stimulation comprising a compound of Formula (II):

wherein:

5

10

15

X is -SO<sub>2</sub>-,-C(O)-, or absent; Y is a linker group; and Z is a reporter group.

- 15. A method of quantifying glycolipid association with CD1d and NKT cell receptors during NKT cell stimulation comprising: (i) contacting a compound of Formula (II) with a CD1d protein; (ii) allowing the compound to associate with the CD1d protein; (iii) measuring fluorescence emitted by the compound during steps (i) and (ii) to provide one or more pre-NKT cell contact fluorescence measurements; (iv) contacting the compound and CD1d protein with an NKT cell line; (v) measuring fluorescence emitted by the compound during step (iv) to provide one or more NKT cell contact fluorescence measurements.
  - 16. The method of claim 15 wherein step (v) is repeated over time.
- 17. The method of claim 15 further comprising the step of comparing the fluorescence measurements in steps (iii) and (v).
  - 18. A method of stimulating NKT cells comprising contacting an NKT cell with a compound of Formula (I) and a CD1 protein.

- 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the protein is CD1d.
- 20. A method of stimulating the immune system of a subject in need of such stimulation, the method comprising administering a compound of Formula (I) to the subject.
- A method of treating an autoimmune disease in a subject in need of such treatment, the method comprising administering an effective amount of a
   compound of Formula (I).
  - 22. The method of claim 20 or 21 wherein the subject is a mammal.
  - 23. The method of claim 22 wherein the subject is a human.

20

15

25

30

24. A method of making a compound of Formula (I) comprising: (i) converting a compound of Formula (III) to a compound of Formula (IV):

$$R_3$$
 $R_8$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_9$ 

and (ii) contacting a compound of Formula (IV) with R<sub>1</sub>-LG to afford a compound of Formula (I), wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is:

(i)  $-SO_2R_{10}$ ,

wherein R<sub>10</sub> is:

halo; hydroxy;  $OR_{11}$ ;  $OR_{12}$ ; amino;  $NHR_{11}$ ;  $N(R_{11})_2$ ;  $NHR_{12}$ ;  $N(R_{12})_2$ ; aralkylamino; or

 $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halo, hydroxy, oxo, nitro,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $OR_{12}$ , acyloxy, amino,  $NHR_{11}$ ,  $N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $NHR_{12}$ ,  $N(R_{12})_2$ , aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy,  $S(O)R_{11}$ ,  $S(O)R_{12}$ ,  $SO_2R_{11}$ ,  $SO_2R_{12}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{11}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{12}$ , sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl,  $C(O)R_{11}$ ,  $C(O)R_{12}$ ,  $C(O)OR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NHR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ ; or

5

10

15

20

25

 $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl, or  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl optionally substituted with one or more halo, hydroxy, oxo,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $OR_{12}$ , acyloxy, nitro, amino,  $NHR_{11}$ ,  $N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $NHR_{12}$ ,  $N(R_{12})_2$ , aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy,  $S(O)R_{11}$ ,  $S(O)R_{12}$ ,  $SO_2R_{11}$ ,  $SO_2R_{12}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{11}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{12}$ , sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl,  $C(O)R_{11}$ ,  $C(O)R_{12}$ ,  $C(O)OR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NHR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)N(R_{11})_2$ , alkyl, haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ ; or

 $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, aryl, or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more halo, hydroxy,  $OR_{11}$ ,  $OR_{12}$ , acyloxy, nitro, amino,  $NHR_{11}$ ,  $N(R_{11})_2$ ,  $NHR_{12}$ ,  $N(R_{12})_2$ , aralkylamino, mercapto, thioalkoxy,  $S(O)R_{11}$ ,  $S(O)R_{12}$ ,  $SO_2R_{11}$ ,  $SO_2R_{12}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{11}$ ,  $NHSO_2R_{12}$ , sulfate, phosphate, cyano, carboxyl,  $C(O)R_{11}$ ,  $C(O)R_{12}$ ,  $C(O)OR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)NH_2$ ,  $C(O)NHR_{11}$ ,  $C(O)N(R_{11})_2$ , alkyl, haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocyclyl containing 0-3  $R_{13}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl containing 0-3  $R_{14}$ ; or

- (ii) -C(O)R<sub>10</sub>, wherein R<sub>10</sub> is defined as above; or
- (iii) -C(R<sub>10</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(R<sub>15</sub>), wherein R<sub>10</sub> is defined as above; R<sub>15</sub> is hydrogen,
   R<sub>10</sub>, or R<sub>15</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> taken together forms a double bond between the carbon and
   nitrogen atoms to which they are attached; or

 $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , and  $R_7$  are each independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aralkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  acyl;

 $R_8$  is  $-(CH_2)_xCH_3$ ;

5

R<sub>9</sub> is a linear or branched C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>100</sub> alkyl;

 $R_{11}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl optionally substituted with halo, hydroxy, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

10

15

 $R_{12}$  is aryl optionally substituted with halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, nitro, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

Each  $R_{13}$  is independently halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

Each  $R_{14}$  is independently halo, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, nitro, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, sulfate, or phosphate;

20

x is 1-100;

LG is halo,  $-OSO_2R_{16}$ ,  $B(OH)_2$ , or

25

30

; and

- $R_{16}$  is alkyl, haloalkyl or aryl optionally substituted with alkyl, halo or nitro.
  - 25. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.